

Propane Reduces Greenhouse Gas Emissions: A Comparative Analysis

Presented at the Global Technology Conference
26 September 2008
Seoul, Republic of Korea

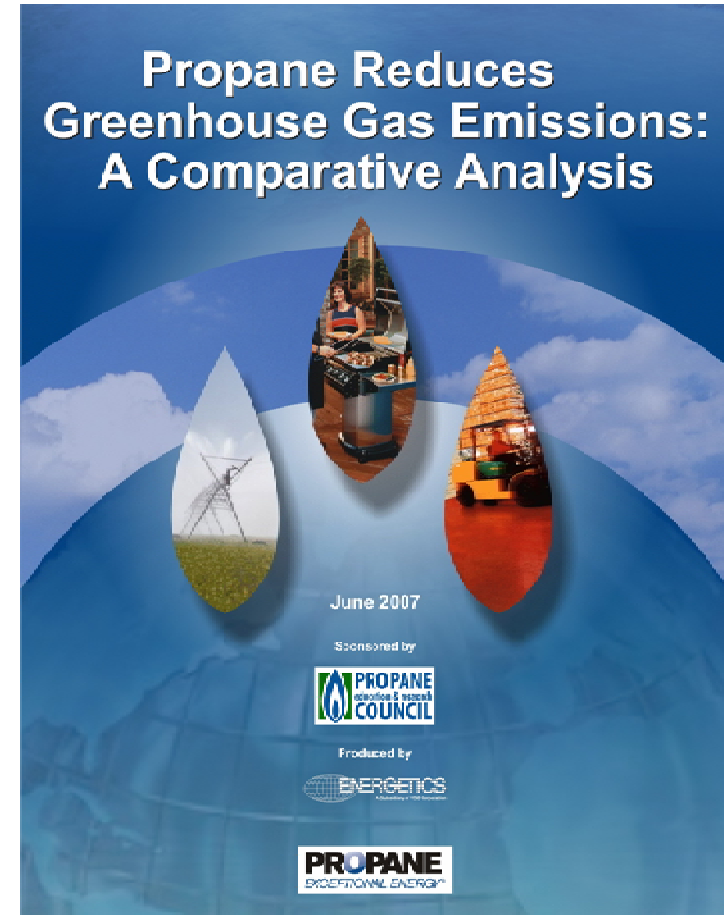
Ross Brindle
Program Director
Energetics Incorporated
+1.410.953.6239
rbrindle@energetics.com

Agenda

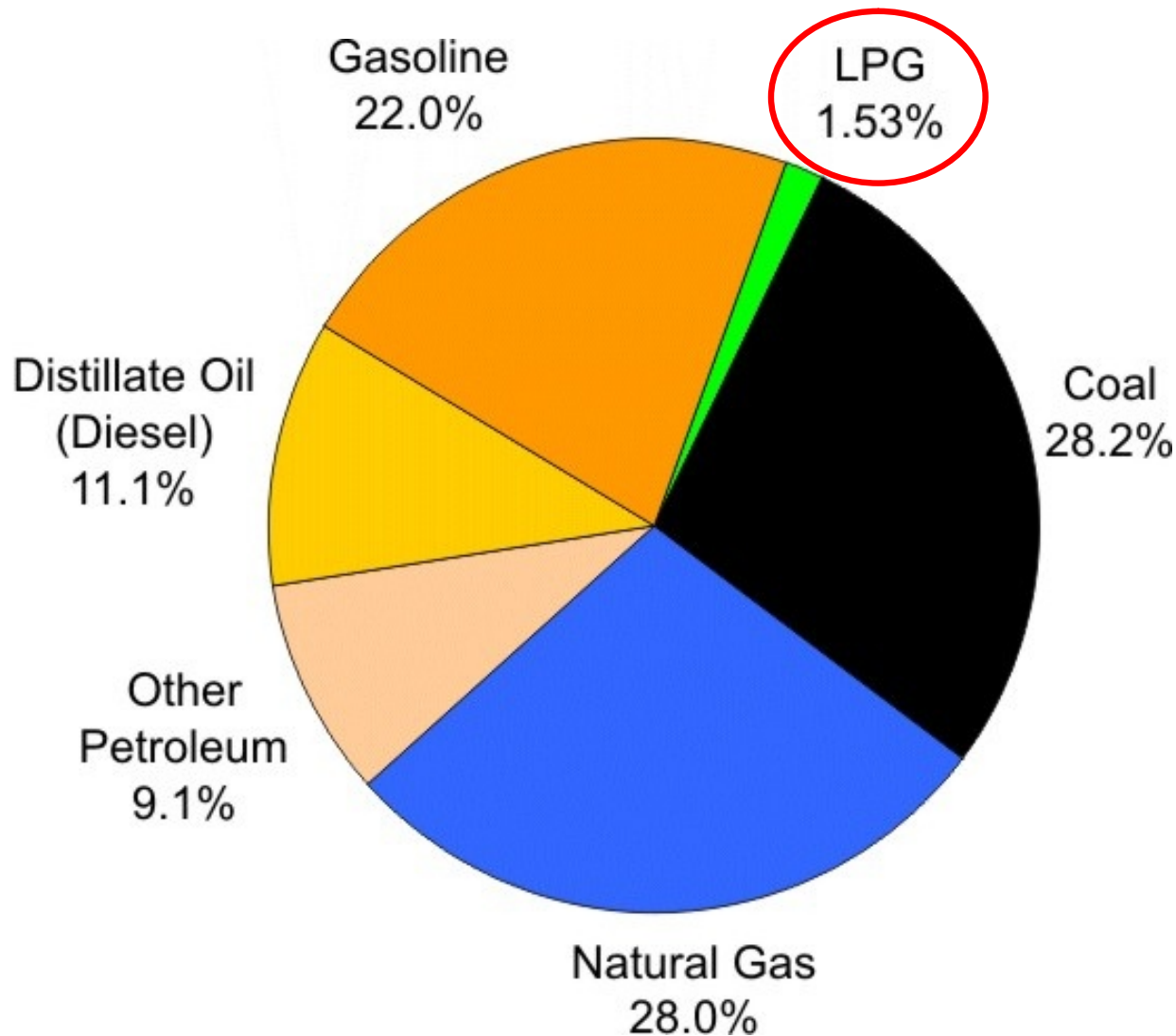
- About the Report
- Overview of Propane and Climate Change
- Summary of Findings
- Detailed Application-Specific Findings

Study Objectives

- 1) Provide high-level picture of propane's role in U.S. climate change debate
- 2) Quantify propane's GHG emissions profile in specific applications on lifecycle basis
- 3) Sponsored by the U.S. Propane Education & Research Council



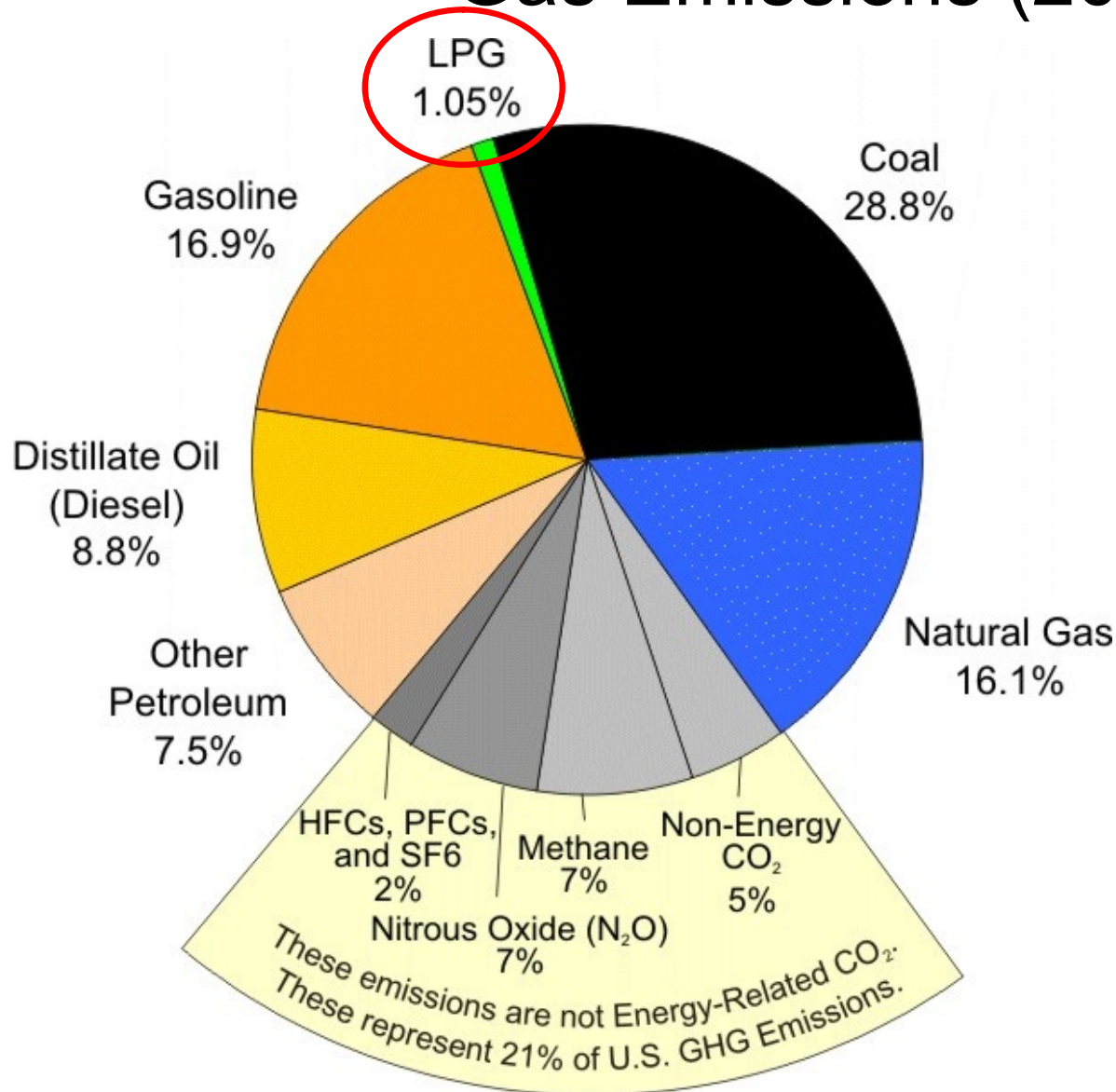
The Big Picture: U.S. Energy Consumption (2007)



*Total: 78,742
trillion Btu
(8.3×10^{19} J)*

Source: US EPA 2007

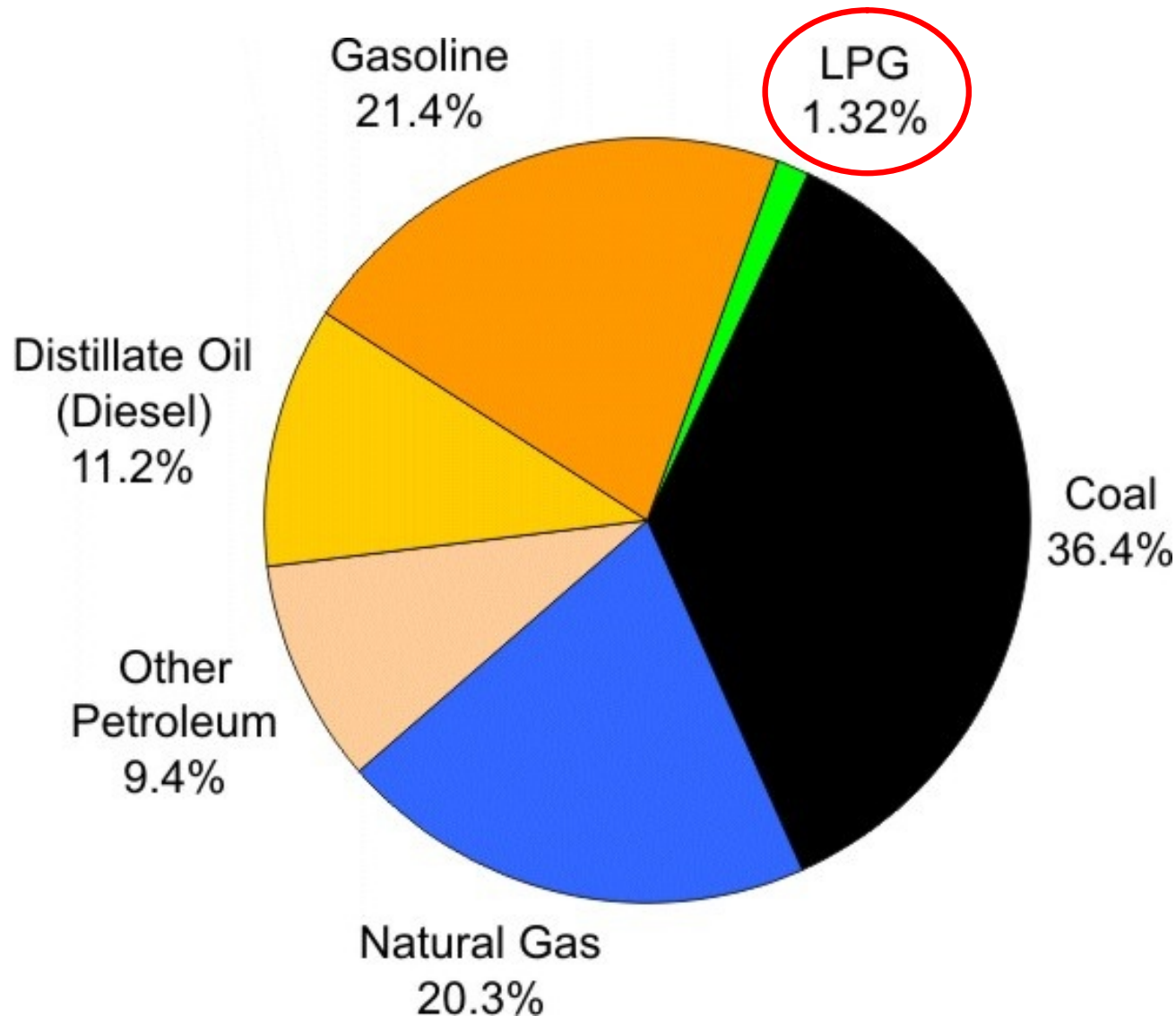
The Big Picture: Shares of U.S. Greenhouse Gas Emissions (2007)



*Total: 7,260
million tonnes
CO₂*

Source: US EPA 2007

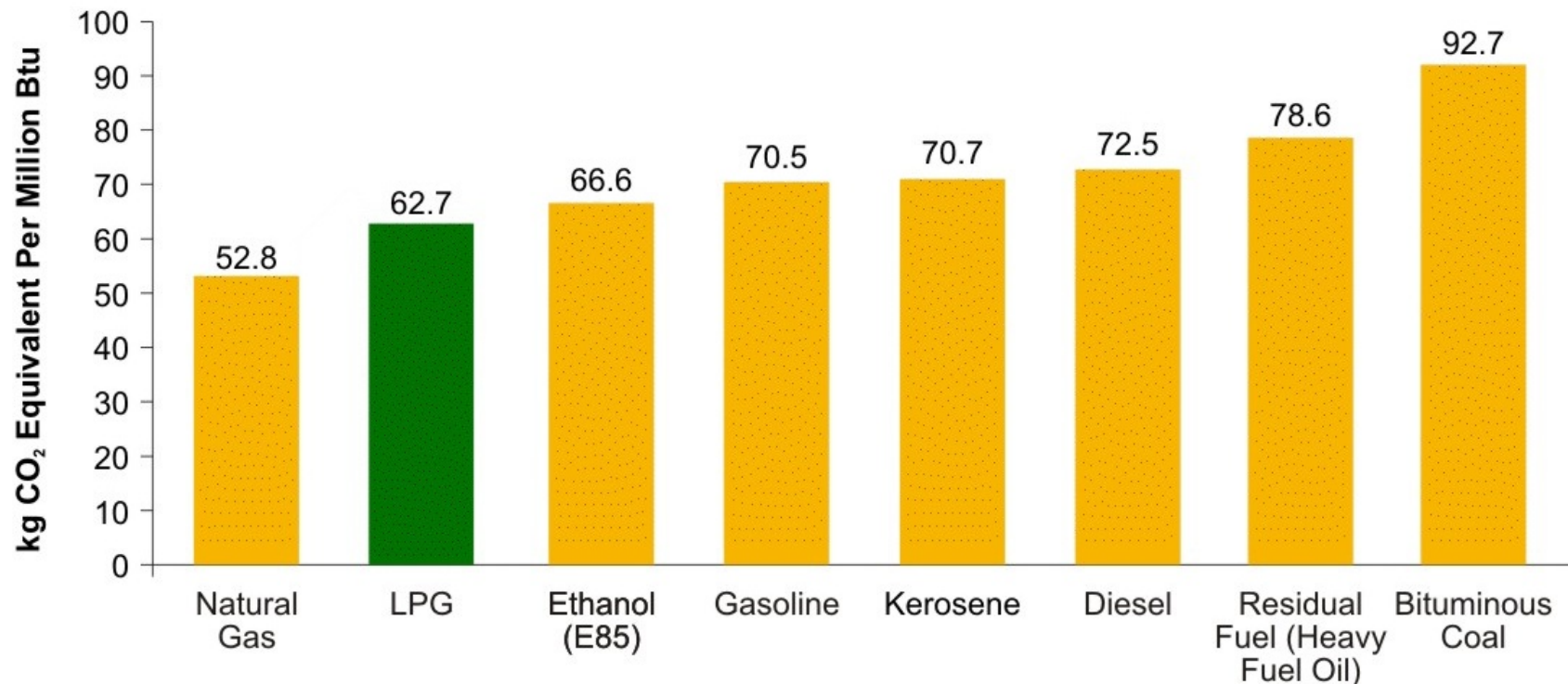
The Big Picture: Shares of U.S. Energy-Related Greenhouse Gas Emissions (2007)



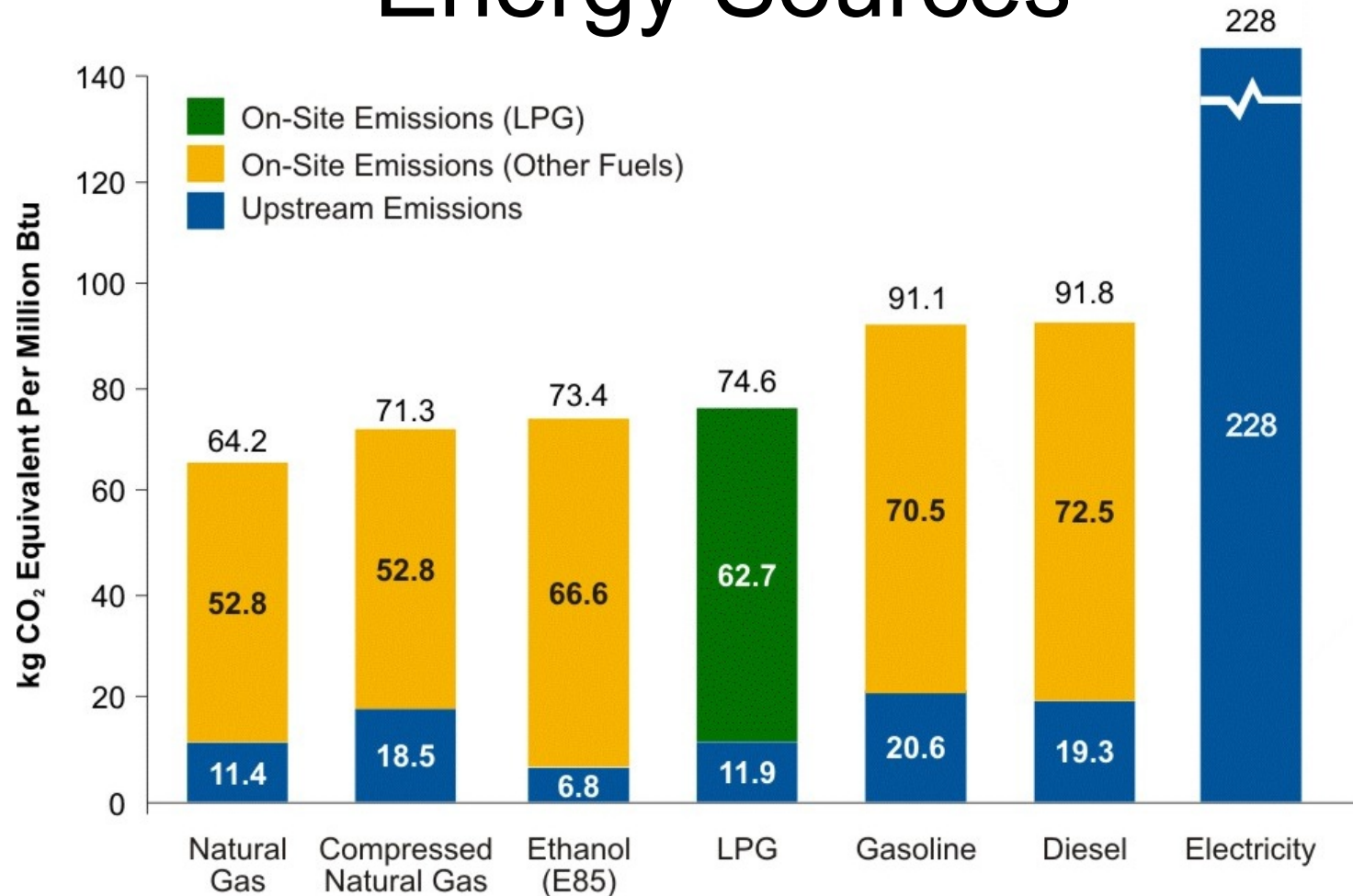
*Total: 5,751
million
tonnes CO₂*

Source: US EPA 2007

On-Site Carbon Emissions for Various Energy Sources



Total Carbon Emissions for Various Energy Sources



Report Quotes

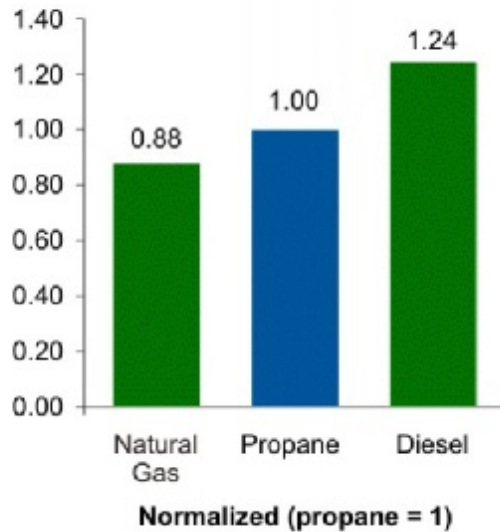
- “Propane is not a direct greenhouse gas when released into the air. Propane...is removed from the atmosphere faster than it takes for it...to have impacts on global climate. Current measurements have not found a global climate impact from propane emissions.”
- “With propane’s short lifetime in the atmosphere and low carbon content, it is advantageous compared to other petroleum fuels in many applications.”

Application-Specific Results

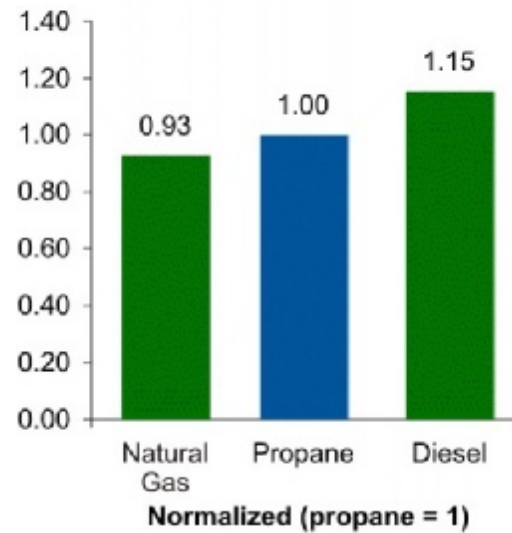
- Study quantifies GHG emissions profiles of propane and other fuels in seven applications:
 - Distributed Power Generation
 - Irrigation Pumps (agriculture)
 - Forklifts
 - Medium-duty Engines
 - Light-duty Trucks
 - Residential Water Heating
 - Residential Space heating

Distributed Power Generation

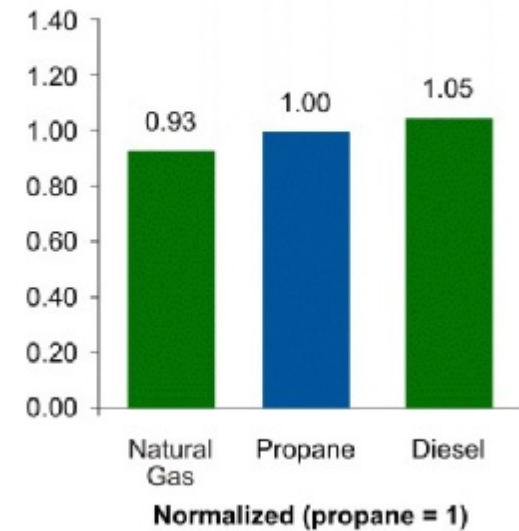
30 kW prime microturbine _____



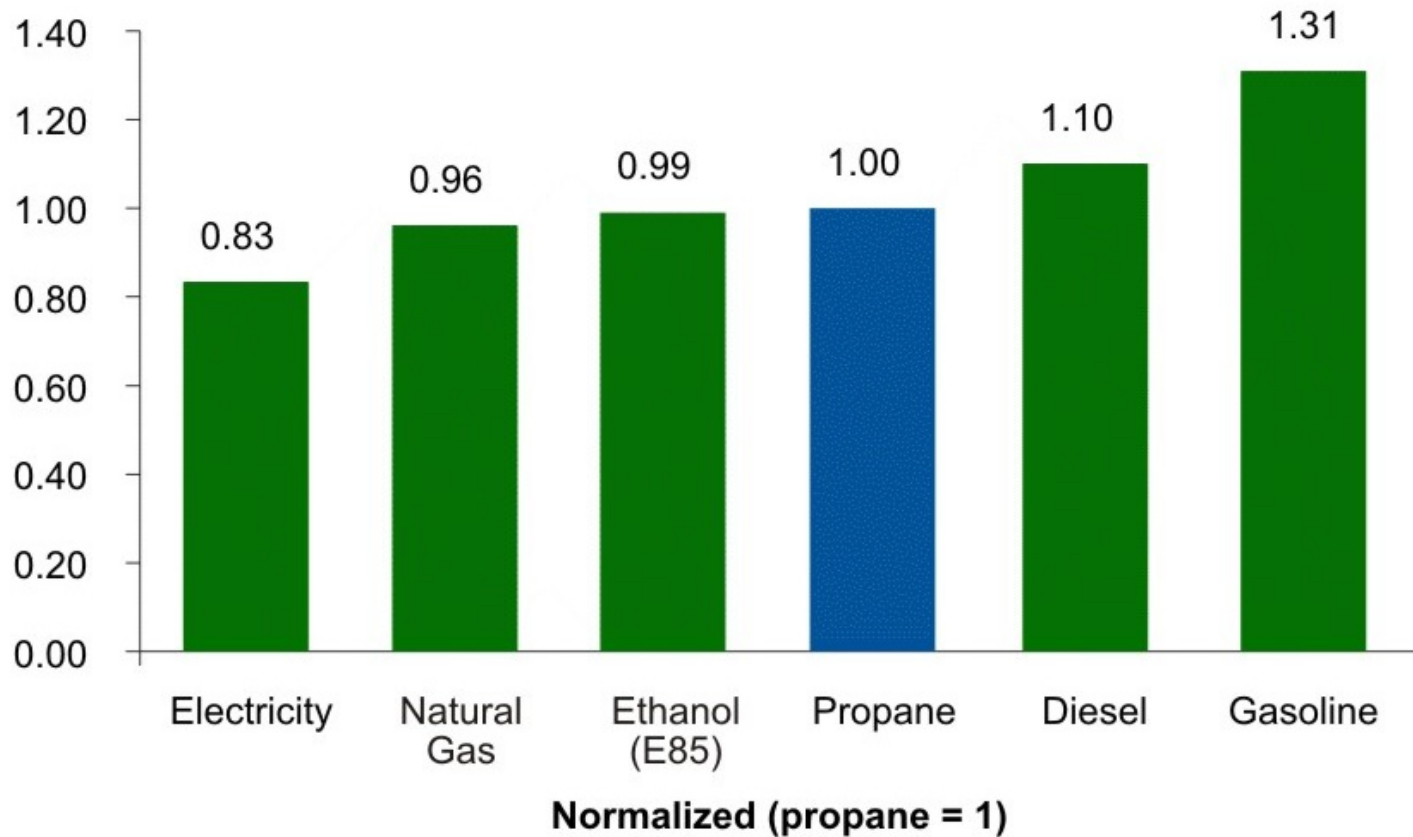
100 kW standby genset _____



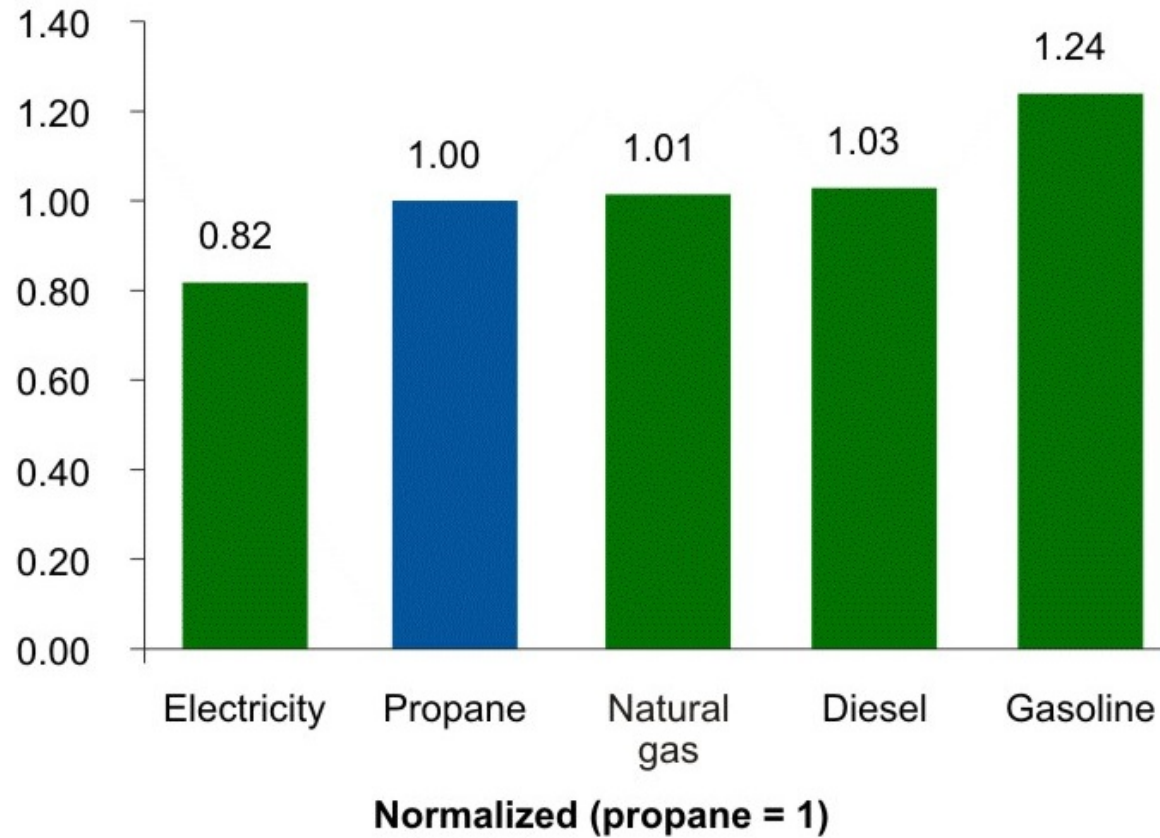
200 kW prime genset _____



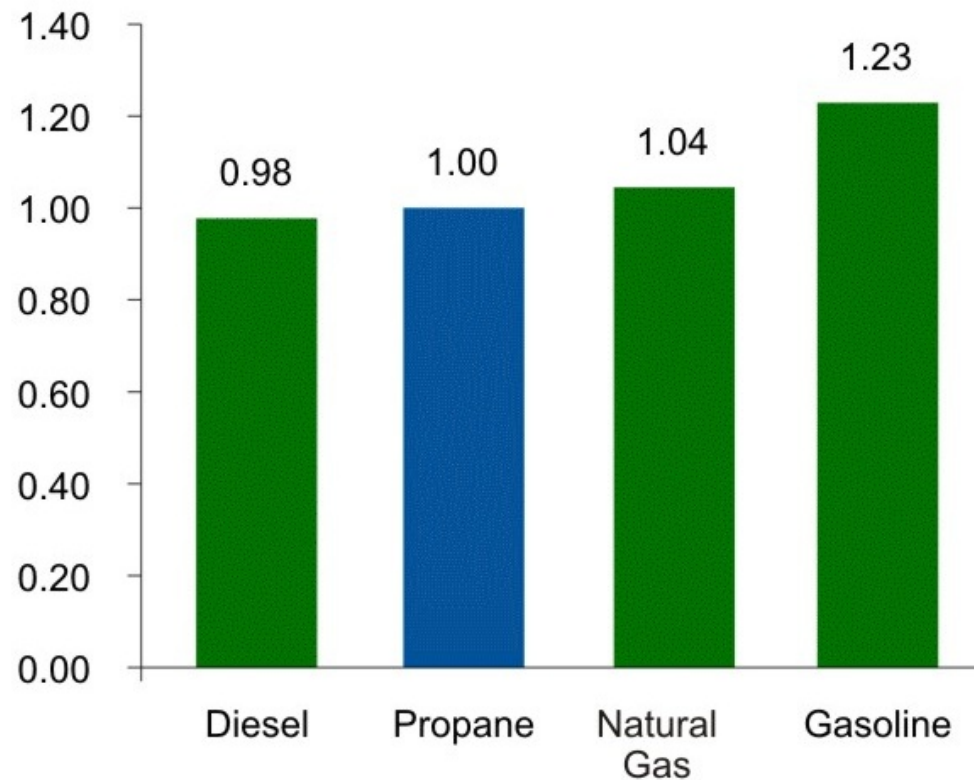
Agricultural Irrigation Pumps



Forklifts

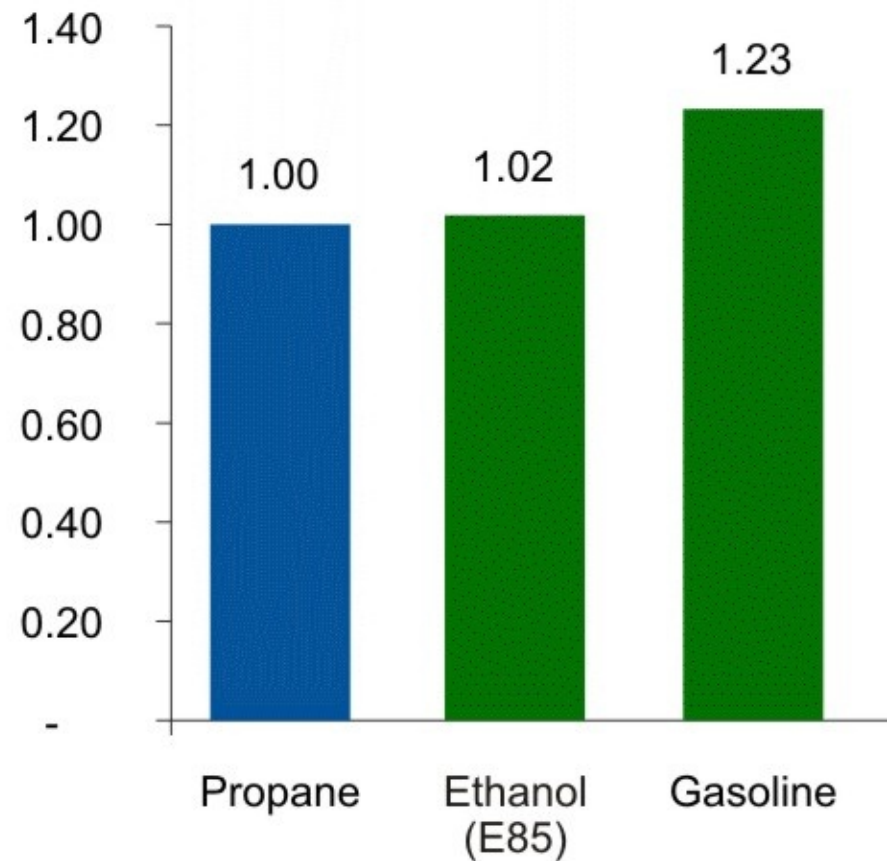


Medium-Duty Engines



Normalized (propane = 1)

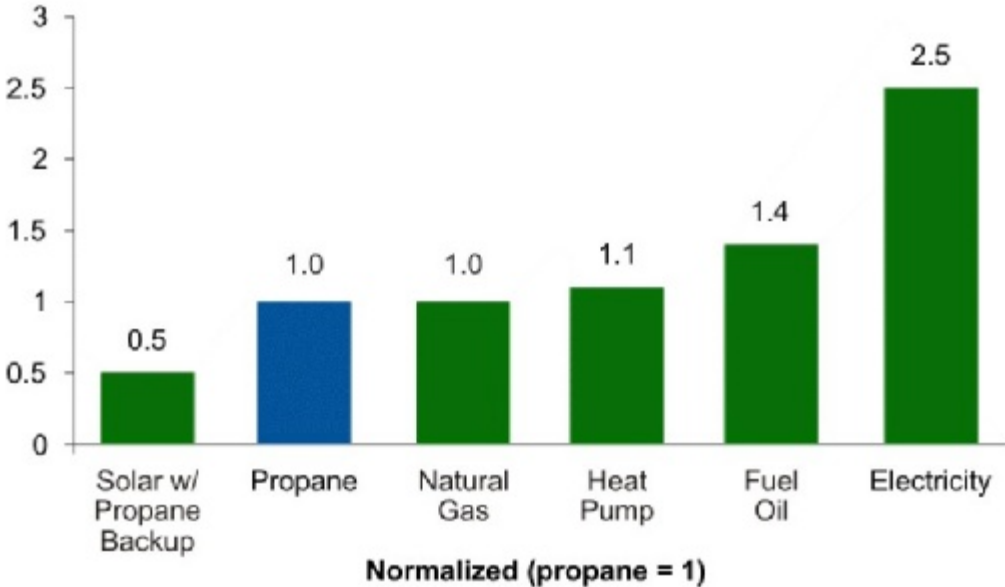
Light-Duty Trucks



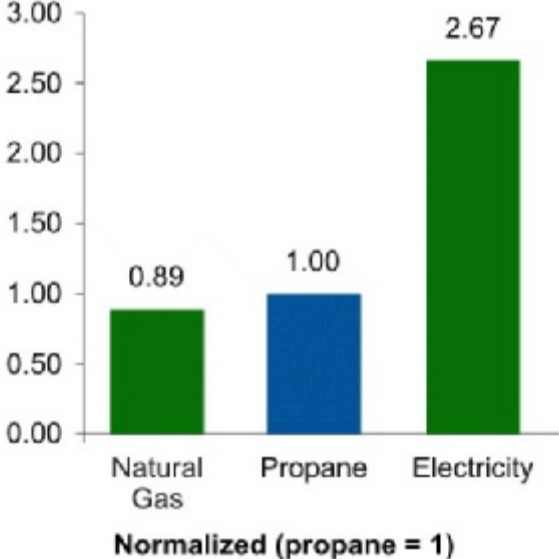
Normalized (propane = 1)

Residential Water Heaters

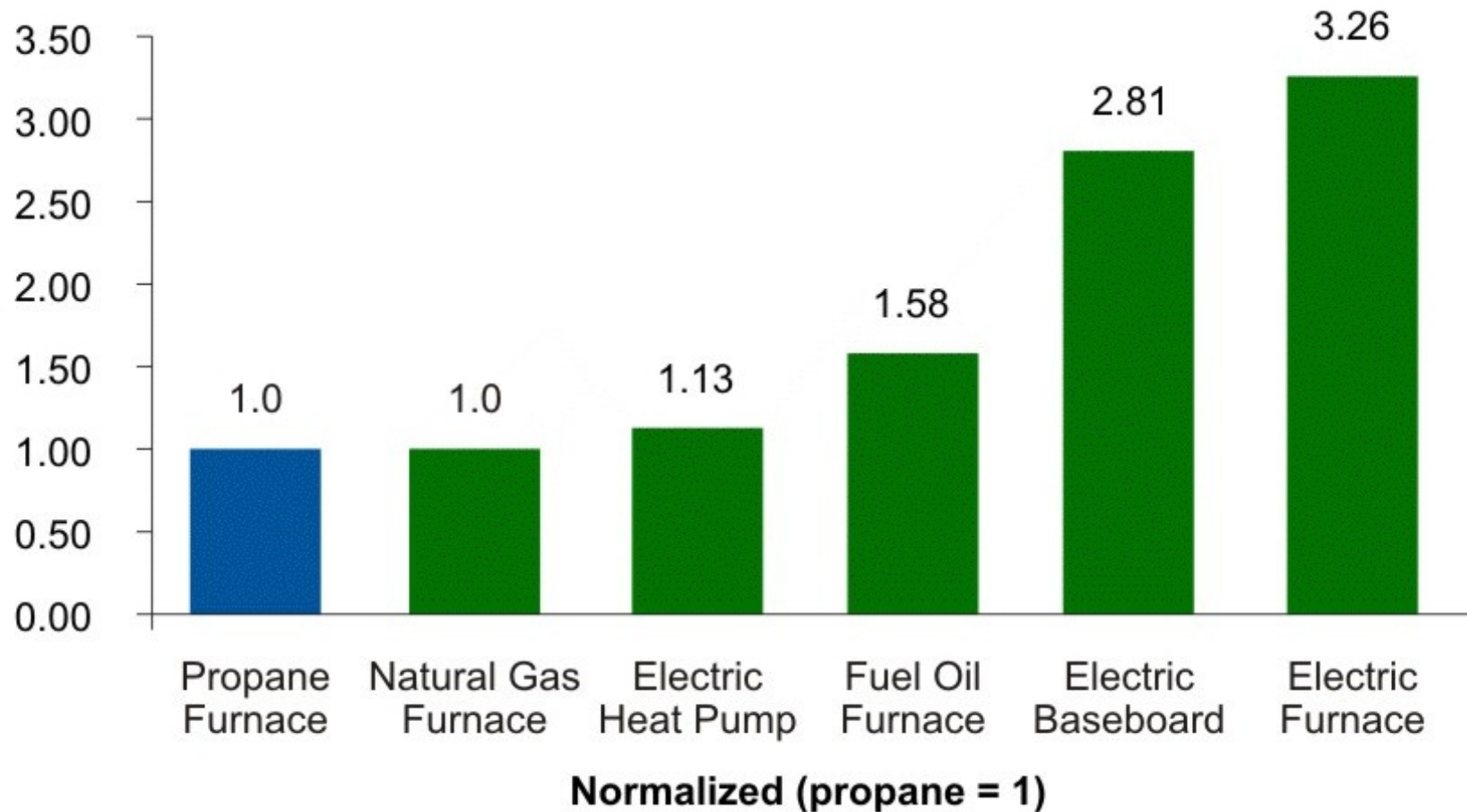
Storage Tank Heater



Tankless Water Heater



Residential Space Heating



Conclusions

- Study clearly demonstrates that propane has potential to significantly reduce GHG emissions in many applications
- Major opportunities:
 - Replacing electric water/space heating appliances
 - Displacing diesel for distributed generation
 - Competing with corn-based ethanol in light-duty trucks

감사합니다

Thank You

Ross Brindle

Program Director

Energetics Incorporated

+1.410.953.6239

rbrindle@energetics.com

www.energetics.com